



Methods for analysis and visualization of industrial XCT-data of fibre reinforced composites

Christoph Heinzl

FH OÖ Forschungs & Entwicklungs GmbH • Hagenberg • Linz • Steyr • Wels

Team

RESEARCH GROUP Computed Tomography



DI(FH) Michael Reiter
• Software development, simulation, dimensional measurement

Andreas Reh, MSc
• Software development, visualization

DI Johannes Weissenböck
• Software development, visualization

Mustafa Arikán
• Software development, fibre extraction

Dr. Artem Amirkhanov
• Software development, visualization

DI Bernhard Föhler
• Software development, visualization

Dr. Christoph Heinzl

• Senior researcher,
Software development +
visualization

Dr. Johann Kastner

• Head of Research group Computed Tomography

DI Dietmar Salaberger

• Research project manager
NDT plastics

DI(FH) Bernhard Plank
• NDT plastics

DI Christian Gusenbauer
• RayScan 250E, NDT metals

Sascha Senck, PhD
• NDT plastics

Christian Hanneschläger, MSc
• NDT metals

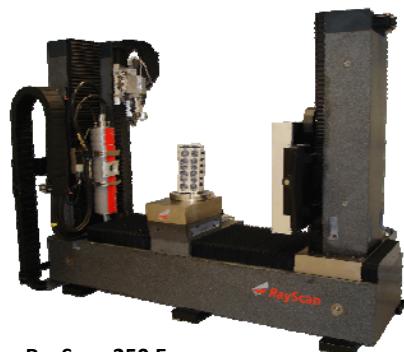
currently 3 Master students

2 open positions
(NDT, Software development, see www.interaqct.eu)

Eva Kremshuber, BA
• Project assistant EU-FP7

Mag. Elena Sell
• Project assistant FFG

Devices

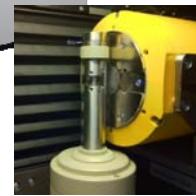


RayScan 250 E

- 225 kV microfocus X-ray source
variable focal spot size > 5 µm
- 450 kV minifocus X-ray source
fixed focal spot size: 0,4 mm
- 2048² pixel flat panel detector

GE phoenix nanotom s

- 180 kV sub-microfocus
variable focal spot size > 0,5 µm
- 2304² pixel flat panel detector
- In-situ loading stage



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Projects



FFG – ZPT

- K-Project for Non-destructive Testing and Tomography
- 2009-2014, 6 M€
- www.nondestructive.at



EU-FP7 NanoXCT

- Compact X-ray computed tomography system for non-destructive characterization of nano materials
- 2012-2015, 4.5 M€
- www.nanoxct.eu



EU-FP7 QUICOM

- Quantitative inspection of complex composite aeronautic parts using advanced X-ray techniques
- 2012-2015, 5.1 M€
- www.quicom.eu



further European and national projects

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Expertise and Methods



Expertise:

- Non destructive testing, materials characterization and 3D micro structure analysis
- 3D-Metrology
- Quality control and assurance
- 3D Image Processing and Visualization



Methods:

- Macro-, Micro- und Sub-micro-Xray Computed tomography, (especially quantitative XCT)
- In-situ stages
- XCT Simulation
- Advanced Image Processing and Visualization techniques

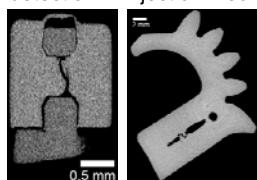
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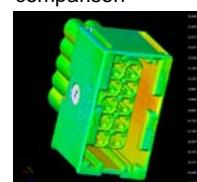
XCT applications for polymers



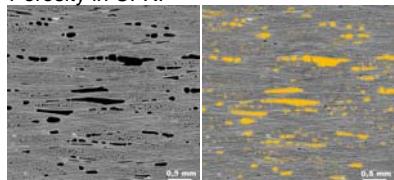
Non destructive testing, e.g., Crack + pore detection in injection moulded specimens



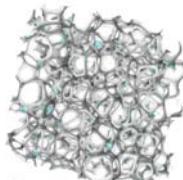
Actual – nominal comparison



Quantitative analysis, e.g., Porosity in CFRP



Cellulose distribution in PUR foam



Cellulose fibre characterisation



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Fiber extraction



CT resolution

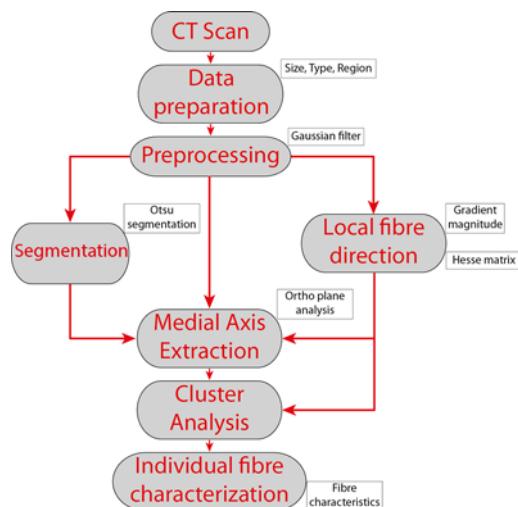
- \sim fibre diameter / 6
- e.g. 2 μm per voxel

Analysis volume

- $5 \times 3 \times 3,7 \text{ mm}^3$

Duration

- Scan: 5 hours
- Data analysis: 1,5 hours



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D. Salaberger et al., International polymer processing 3, 283-291 (2011)

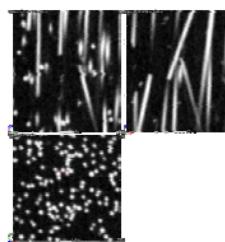
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Fiber extraction

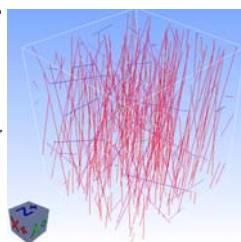


Individual fiber characteristics

- Position, Length
- Diameter, Orientation
- Surface, Volume, etc.



CT slice images of
original data set
(PP-GF30)
Voxelsize: 2 μm



3D image of extracted
fibres colour coded
according to orientation
(PP-GF30)

Index	Radius (µm)	Length (µm)	Width (µm)	Height (µm)	Mean grey	Mean height (µm)	Mean length (µm)	Mean width (µm)	Median grey	Median height (µm)	Median length (µm)	Median width (µm)	Min height (µm)	Min length (µm)	Min radius (µm)	Min width (µm)	Max height (µm)	Max length (µm)	Max radius (µm)	Max width (µm)	Std dev height (µm)	Std dev length (µm)	Std dev radius (µm)	Std dev width (µm)
0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
4	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Export of individual fibre characterization in
.csv format

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Accuracy and Reproducibility



Reference

- XCT simulation: fibers as cylinders

Fiber characterization

- Simulated data, constant fiber diameters
- Simulated data, varying fiber diameters
- Real world scan

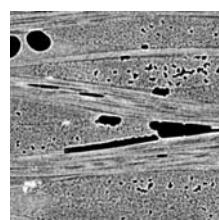
Results

- Correctly extracted fibres:
 - > Simulated data, constant fiber diameters: 90,9 %
 - > Simulated data, varying fiber diameters: 80,7 %
 - > Real world scan (voxel size 2 µm): 82,7 %
- Errors mainly due to:
 - > Breakage, Wrong connection

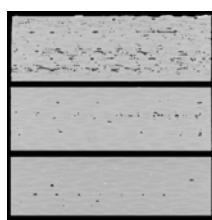
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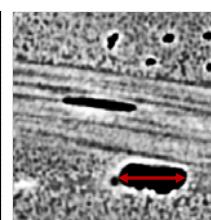
Visual Analysis of Porosity



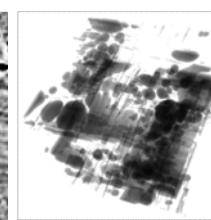
Task 1:
Quantitative
porosity



Task 2:
Porosity overview



Task 3:
Local pore
properties



Task 4:
Best viewpoint

A. Reh et al., Porosity Maps—Interactive Exploration and Visual Analysis of Porosity in Carbon Fiber Reinforced Polymers, Computer Graphics Forum 31, 1185-1194

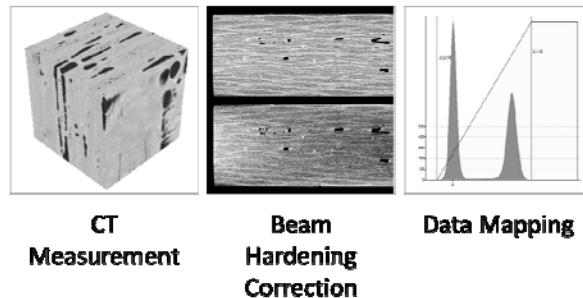
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Porosity Maps Pipeline



Data Acquisition → Pre-Computation → Visual Analysis of Porosity



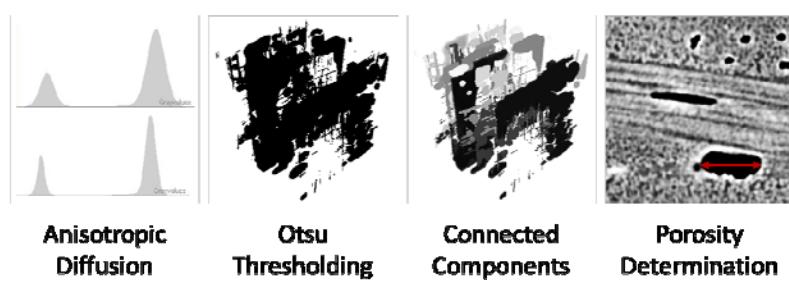
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Porosity Maps Pipeline



Data Acquisition → Pre-Computation → Visual Analysis of Porosity



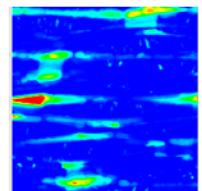
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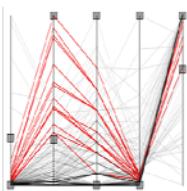
Porosity Maps Pipeline



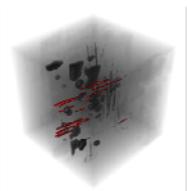
Data Acquisition → Pre-Computation → Visual Analysis of Porosity



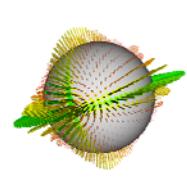
Porosity Maps



Parallel
Coordinates
View



Interactive
Exploration

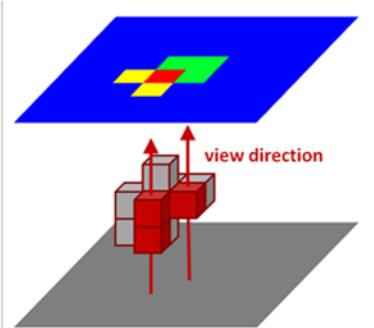


Best Viewpoint
Widget

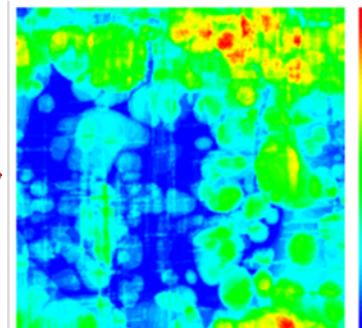
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Porosity Maps Calculation



Porosity Map calculation

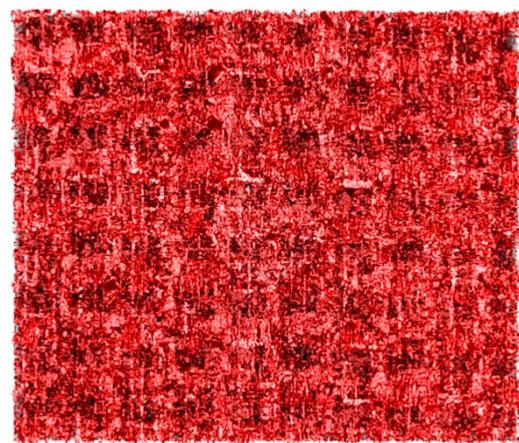


Porosity Map

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Results: Porosity Maps

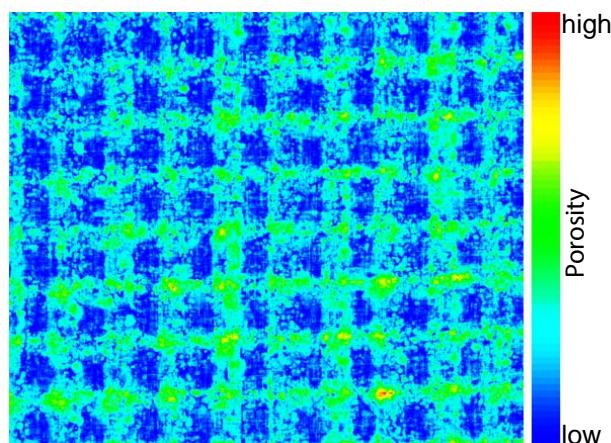


XZ view

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Results: Porosity Maps

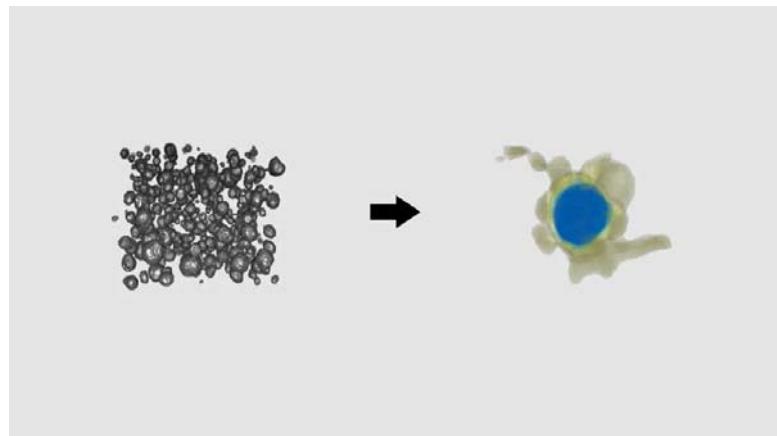


XZ porosity map

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Mean object representations

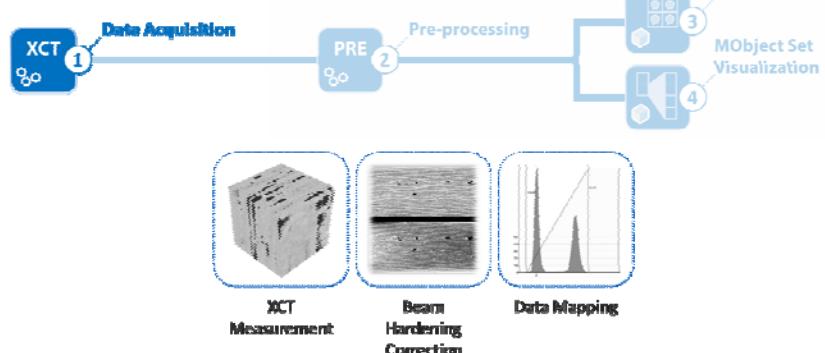


A. Reh et al., MObjects - A Novel Method for the Visualization and Interactive Exploration of Defects in Industrial XCT Data, Visualization and Computer Graphics, IEEE Transactions on 19 (12), 2906-2915

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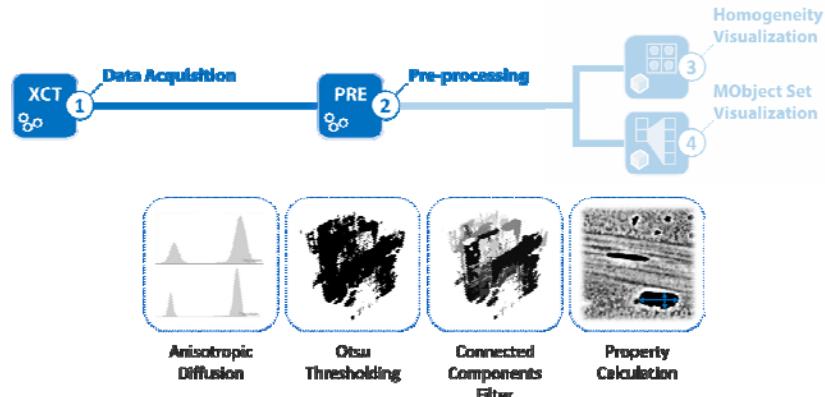
MObjects Pipeline Overview



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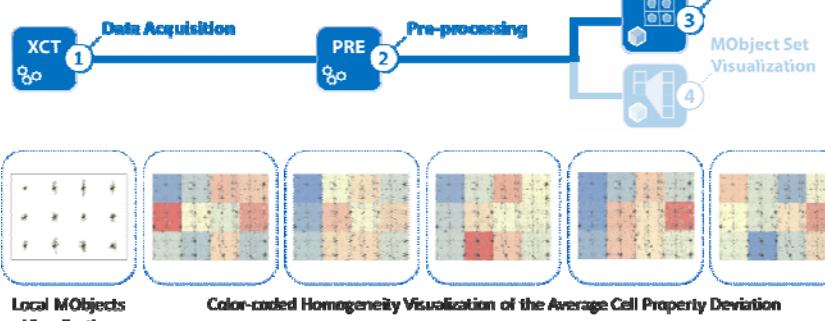
MObjects Pipeline Overview



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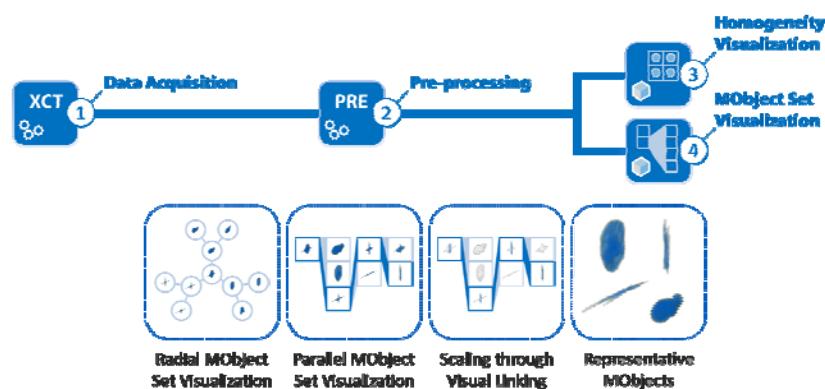
MObjects Pipeline Overview



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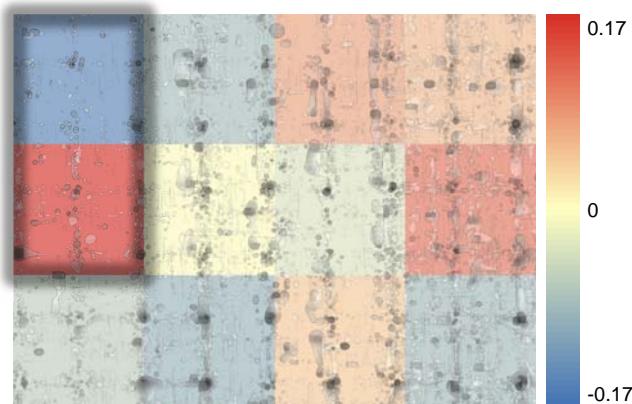
MObjects Pipeline Overview



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Results: Homogeneity Visualization

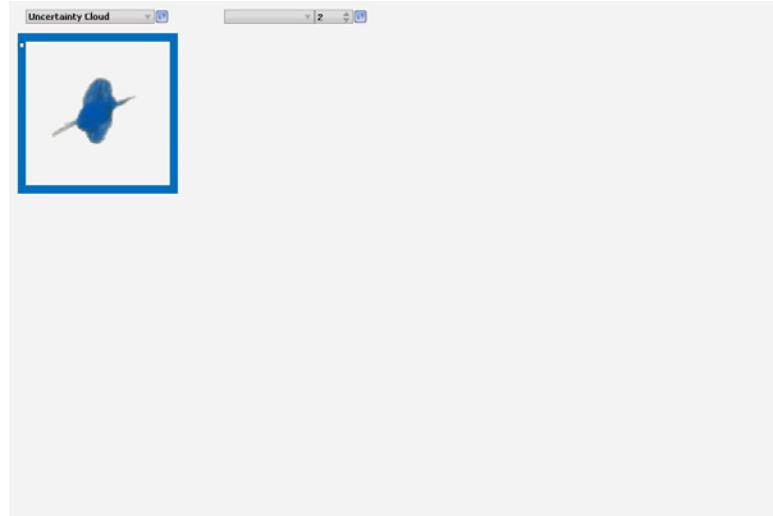


Deviation from avg. pore dimension X [mm]

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Results: MObject Set Visualization

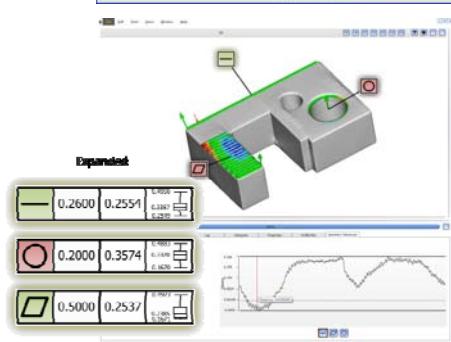
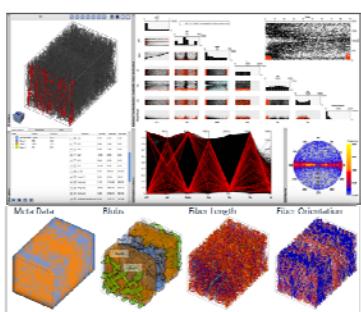


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Further Activities

- Individual Fiber Visualization
- Fuzzy 3D metrology
- Multimodal Visualization
- XCT Simulation



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