Classification

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Teknologisk Institut – November 2009

IARC Classification

Group 1

The agent (mixture) is carcinogenic to humans

Group 2A

The agent (mixture) is probably carcinogenic to humans

Group 2B

The agent (mixture) is possibly carcinogenic to humans

Group 3

The agent (mixture or exposure circumstances) is not classifiable as its carcinogenicity to humans

Group 4

The agent (mixture) is probably not carcinogenic to humans

1987: Mineral Wool, group 2B

Commission Directive 97/69/EC of 5 December 1997 adapting to technical progress Directive 67/548/EEC

Inclusion of certain man-made vitreous fibres

EU Classification of MMVF

Carc. Cat. 3

Possibly carcinogen

Xn – Harmful

Possible risk of

irreversible effects

(R40)

Irritant

Xi

Irritating to skin

(R38)

EU Classification of MMVF Note Q criteria for exoneration from classification as a carcinogen

- Biopersistence –
 Short-term inhalation
- Biopersistence –
 Intra-tracheal instillation
- Appropriate chronic inhalation
- Appropriate i.p. tests

- T_{1/2} < 10 days for fibers
 Length < 20 μm
- T_{1/2} < 40 days for fibers
 Length < 20 μm
- No excess of tumours (or fibrosis)
- No excess of tumours dose 10⁹ fibers

Epidemiologic studies published during the 15
years since the previous IARC Monographs
review of these fibres in 1988 provide no
evidence of increased risks of lung cancer or of
mesothelioma (cancer of the lining of the body
cavities) from occupational exposures during
manufacture of these materials, and inadequate
evidence overall of any cancer risk.

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2001: Mineral Wool, group 3

Follow-up I of the meeting of the Technical Committee on Classification and Labelling in Arona, 21-24 March 2006

In March 2006, the TC C&L confirmed their decision to de-classify both fibres entries (650-016-00-2 and 650-017-00-8) in Annex I with respect to Xi; R38, as the mechanical irritation from the fibres did not correctly meet the criteria for classification and knowing that the concern for skin irritation that the current classification had been covered still would be completely covered by voluntary labelling from IND.

Summary timeline

5 September 2009: 1st ATP published in the

official Journal

25 September 2009: The 1st ATP entered into

force

1 December 2010: Deadline for implementing

the provisions of the 1st ATP