

# Comparison of Product Yield: Entire and Castrate Pigs - Based on CT-scanning

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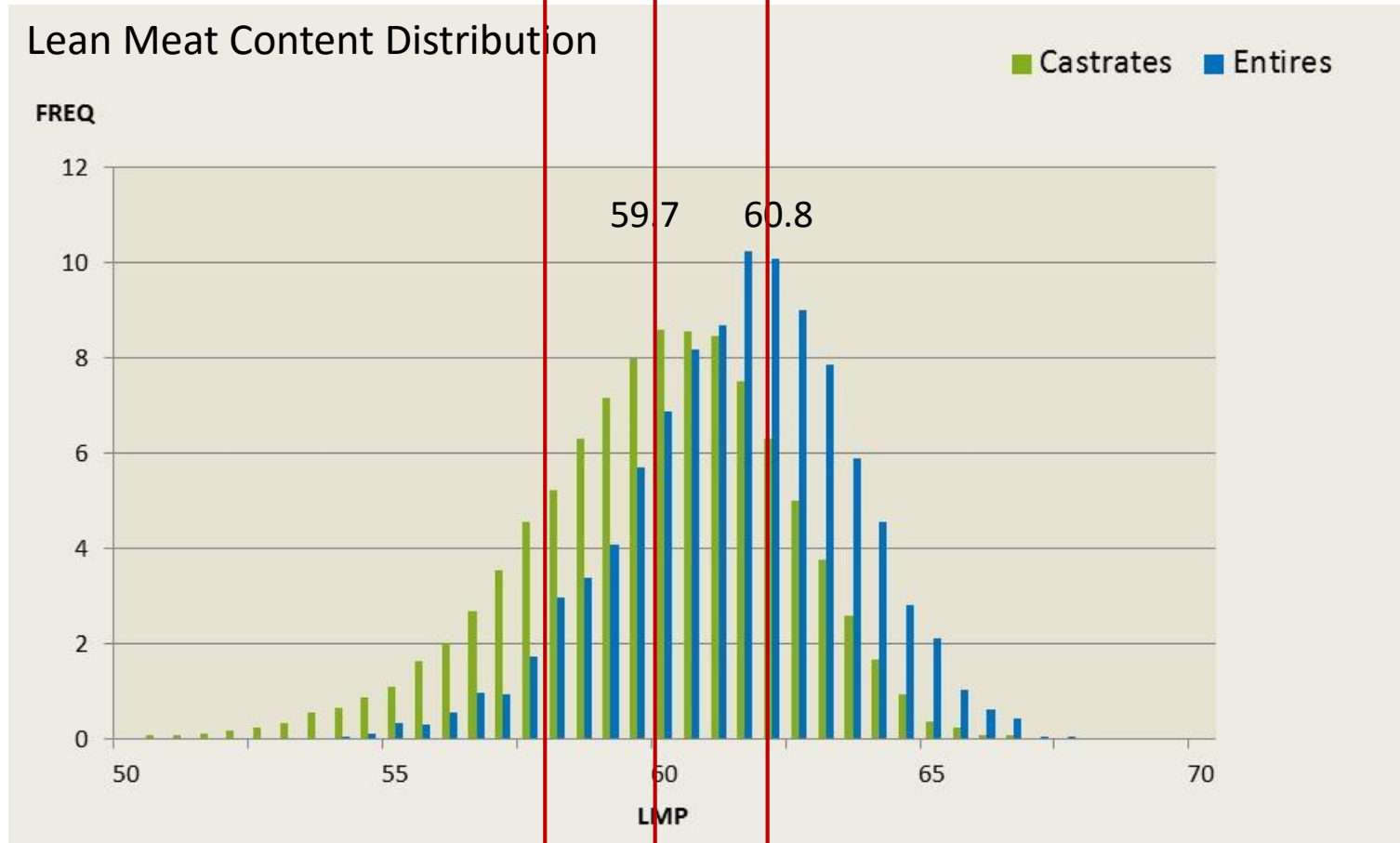


## Aim:

To compare the primal cuts yield from entire and castrates with the same lean meat content. The yield is based on CT scanning of a half-side carcass.

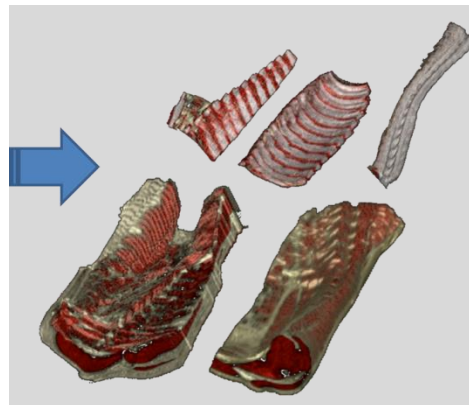
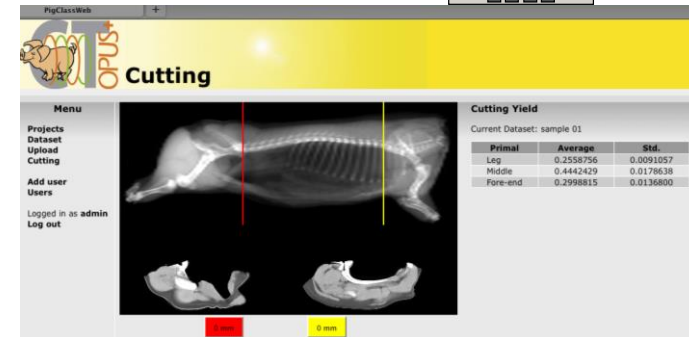
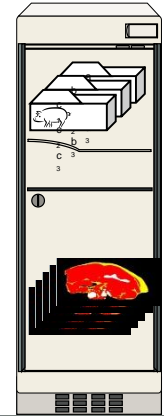
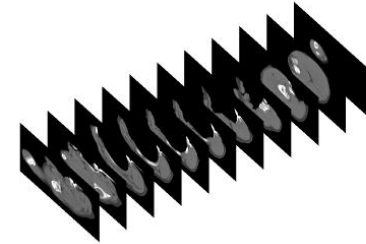


# Comparison of Product Yield: - Entire and Castrate pigs – based on CT-scanning



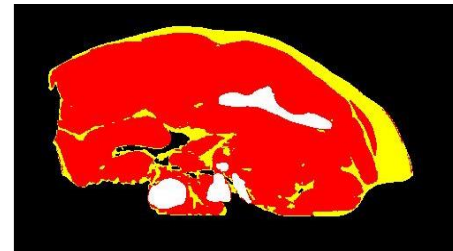
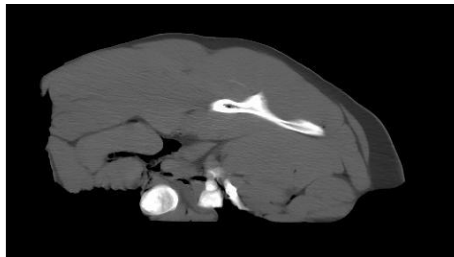
# Materials and Methods

- 51 castrate and 51 entire boar left side carcasses were selected from our CT database to be compared.
- All the carcasses were cut virtually with the program PigClassWeb to simulate the ESS-FOOD products: 1301, 1601+1801 and 1201
- The middles were cut virtually into bacon products



# Calculate the yield

1. Estimate the weight of the virtual cuts based on volume and density!



$$W_{\text{total}} = V_{\text{fat}} \cdot \beta_{\text{fat}} + V_{\text{meat}} \cdot \beta_{\text{meat}} + V_{\text{bone}} \cdot \beta_{\text{bone}}$$

W : Weight of scanned cut

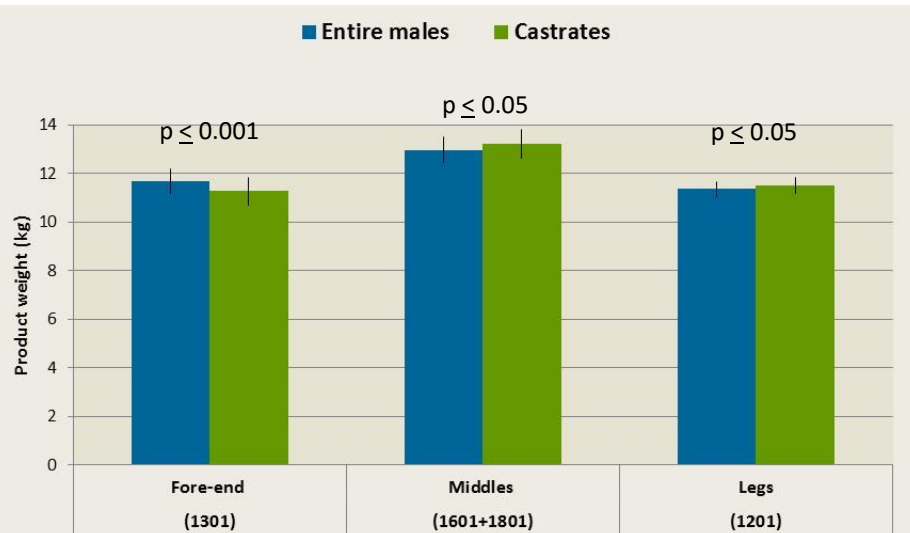
V : Tissue volume

$\beta$  : Tissue "Density" constant

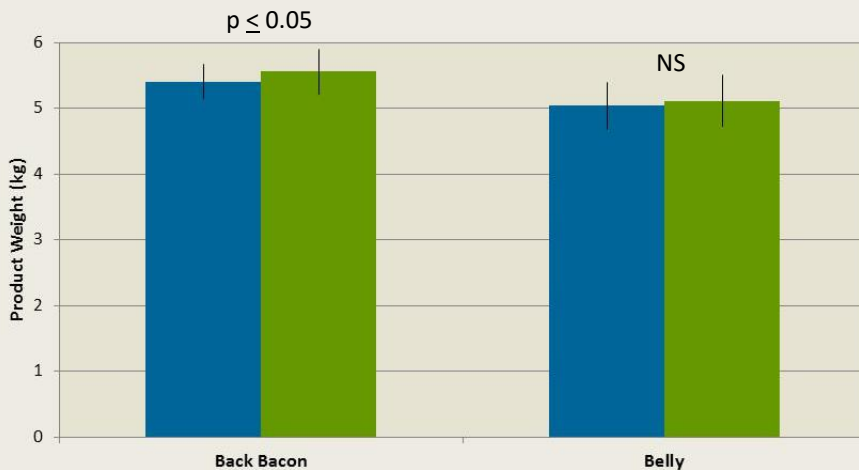
2. Then the  $\Sigma$  weight of the primal cuts was normalized to 36 kg (the average of the population).



# Results



The primal cuts, ESS-FOOD catalogue



Back and Belly products

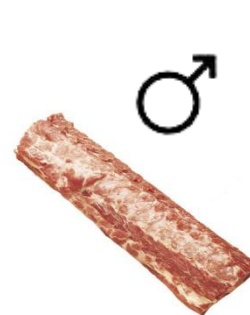
# Conclusion

The test has been reproduced 11 times randomly selecting different sample groups.

✓ Entire males have larger fore-end compare with castrates



✓ Entire males have smaller back/loin compare with castrate



# Thank you for attention

Poster discussion: F-11

DMRI contributions to ICoMST 2012



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