

## NEWSLETTER DTI TRIBOLOGY CENTRE

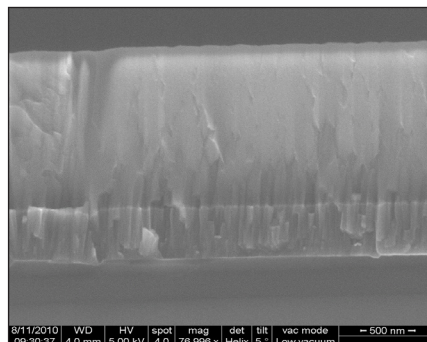
June 2018

### 50 µm thick PVD Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> for next generation superconducting magnets at CERN

At CERN, the next generation of superconducting magnets is under development. In the prototype, which is currently being assembled, a PVD Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> coating, developed and produced by the Tribology Centre at Danish Technological Institute, plays an important role. The superconducting magnet consists of bundles of superconducting Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn wires, which are separated by metal spacers with electrically insulating surfaces. The electrical insulation of the surface is obtained via a 50 µm thick PVD Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> coating. In addition to being electrically insulating, the Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> coating is capable of withstanding several thermal stress cycles involving cooling to operating conditions at -270 °C and heating to 650 °C without delamination.

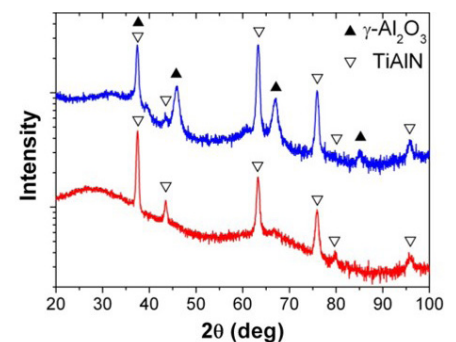
The Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> coating delivered to CERN is an extremely thick version of the so-called low-temperature Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> coating provided by the Tribology Centre. The low-temperature Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> coating is produced at a deposition temperature of 250 °C, which makes it applicable to a wide range of substrates. It has an XRD-amorphous structure and a hardness of 9 GPa, which is sufficient for most applications. However, for applications involving severe stresses, the Tribology Centre recommends a

high-temperature Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> coating, which is deposited at 550 °C. The high deposition temperature gives rise to a hardness of 19 GPa due to the formation of γ-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> crystallites. Both the low- and high-temperature Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> coatings are deposited with a TiAlN adhesion layer, as seen in the cross-sectional SEM image, below.



Cross-sectional SEM image of the Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/TiAlN coating.

In general, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> coatings are well suited as electrical insulators – especially in applications where electric insulation is needed in mechanical contacts. In addition, different industrial segments apply Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> coatings as an inert non-stick coating to avoid seizure of spacers and holders during welding, sintering, etc.



XRD pattern of the coating. Low temperature version (red) and high temperature version (blue) revealing the presence of γ-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.

	Low-temperature Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	High-temperature Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
Deposition temperature	250 °C	550 °C
Hardness	9 GPa	19 GPa
Thickness	Typically 1-5 µm	Typically 1-5 µm
Microstructure	amorphous	γ-Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
Chemically inert	Not in alkalides	Yes

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